MH1200 Linear Algebra I.

Problem set for Week #3.

This week's topics:

- Gauss-Jordan elimination.
- Counting solutions to systems of linear equations containing unknown constants.

Core problems:

Problem 1:

Solve the following linear system by Gauss-Jordan elimination and back-substitution.

$$10y - 4z + w = 1$$

$$x + 4y - z + w = 2$$

$$3x + 2y + z + 2w = 5$$

$$-2x - 8y + 2z - 2w = -4$$

$$x - 6y + 3z = 1$$

Problem 2:

Solve the following linear system by Gauss-Jordan elimination and back-substitution.

$$5x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 = 0$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 1$$

Problem 3:

We consider the following linear system.

$$x + y + az = 0$$

$$x + ay + z = 0$$

$$ax + y + z = 0$$

Here a is a constant. Find the values of a for which the system has

(i) no solution

(ii) exactly one solution

(iii) infinitely many solutions.

Problem 4:

We consider the following linear system.

$$ax + 9y + 2z = 2$$
$$x + ay + 4z = 4$$
$$ay + 2z = 0$$

Here a is a constant. Find the values of a for which the system has

(i) no solution,

- (ii) exactly one solution,
- (iii) infinitely many solutions.

Problem 5:

(From a Quiz in 2019.)

Determine the number of solutions of the following linear system in the variables x, y and z, depending on the value of an unknown constant a.

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3y + (2a^4 - 32)z &= 37 + 2a \\ 4y &= 28 \\ 2x + 6y + (5a^4 - 80)z &= 76 + 5a \end{aligned}$$

Problem 6:

Consider the system

$$ax + by = f$$
$$cx + dy = g$$

Assume that $a \neq 0$. Give a condition on a, b, c, d, f, g for this system to have a unique solution.

Problem 7:

Find an example of a linear system with 3 variables and 4 equations that has

(i) no solution,

- (ii) exactly one solution,
- (iii) infinitely many solutions with two arbitrary parameters.

Problem 8:

A certain physical quantity f depends on another quantity x by

$$f(x) = ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e$$

where a, b, c, d, e are unknown constants. To determine a, b, c, d, e the following measurements have been taken.

Find the values of a, b, c, d, e.

Problem 9:

Solve the following system of nonlinear (!) equations.

$$x^{2} - y^{2} + 2z^{2} = 6$$

$$2x^{2} + 2y^{2} - 5z^{2} = 3$$

$$2x^{2} + 5y^{2} + z^{2} = 9$$

More abstract or challenging problems:

Problem 10:

[Determining temperatures] Imagine we have a metal plate and that we fix the temperature at the boundaries of this plate (see picture) and let the plate come to a thermal equilibrium. The temperature of a point in the interior of the plate can be approximated as the average of the temperature of the 4 neighboring points: above, below, left, and right. Set up and solve the linear equations giving the temperatures T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4 in the interior of the plate.

